

Unit 7: The Reform Era

Unit #:	APSDO-00022746	Duration:	2.0 Week(s)	Date(s):	
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Team:
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Grades:
 8

Subjects:
 Social Studies

Unit Focus

In this unit, students will examine the social reform movements of the 1800's. The assessment for this unit is an illustration where students create an advertisement/campaign poster supporting one of the social reform movements (e.g., women's rights, temperance, abolition, mental health, prison reform or education). The primary instructional materials for this unit include *The American Nation* textbook, historical documents, and secondary sources.

Stage 1: Desired Results - Key Understandings

Established Goals	Transfer	
<p>Common Core <i>History/Social Studies: 8</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources. <i>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RH.6-8.1</i> Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. <i>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RH.6-8.2</i> Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/experiments, or technical processes. 	<p>T1 (T3) Use textual evidence to form generalizations, make predictions and draw conclusions.</p> <p>T2 (T4) Communicate information and ideas based on purpose, task and intended audience using appropriate language.</p> <p>T3 (T5) Apply social studies concepts and content to make connections to a given situation, problem or challenge.</p>	
	Meaning	
	Understandings	Essential Questions
	<p>U1 (U800) It is through the actions of people that human rights are preserved or restored.</p> <p>U2 (U802) Human rights involves the recognition of human dignity and the promotion of freedom, justice and peace for all humanity.</p>	<p>Q1</p> <p>What social and political injustices inspired social reform movements in the 1800's?</p> <p>Q2 (Q903) How does one`s own perspective</p>

<p><i>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.WHST.6-8.2</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis reflection, and research. <i>CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.WHST.6-8.9</i> 		<p>affect the compassion you have for others? Q3 (Q201) When and why does reform become revolutionary? When doesn't it?</p>
<p>Connecticut Goals and Standards <i>Social Studies : 8</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analyze connections among events and developments in historical contexts. <i>HIST.8.1</i> • Explain how and why perspectives of people have changed over time (e.g., American Revolution, slavery, labor, the role of women). <i>HIST.8.4</i> • Explain multiple causes and effects of events and developments in the past. <i>HIST.8.9</i> 	Acquisition of Knowledge and Skill	
	Knowledge	Skills
	<p>K1 Political, philosophical, and religious ideals provided inspiration for social reform</p> <p>K2 Reformers improved American education and treatment of the mentally ill</p> <p>K3 The goals of the temperance movement was to preserve family structure</p> <p>K4 The origins and growth of the anti-slavery movement traced from political, social and religious experiences and traditions</p> <p>K5 The Underground Railroad helped slaves reach freedom and increased white southern defense of slavery</p> <p>K6 Many whites opposed the abolitionist movement</p> <p>K7 Women's participation in the abolitionist movement increased demand for their own political and legal rights</p>	<p>S1 Determine central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source</p> <p>S2 Provide accurate summary of how key events or ideas develop</p> <p>S3 Communicate ideas through different genres, media formats, and styles of presentation</p>

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